





PRODUCTIVITY & PROFITABILITY

How to incorporate genetics into a value chain approach

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- Extension and adoption specialist
- Commercial sheep and beef producer
- Board director and industry advisor
- Livestock genetics, agtech, farm business management, sustainable farming systems













Overview

- What is a value chain approach and are you in it?
- What drives profit in your business? (let's add genetics)
- Hitting your target market "sweet spot"
- Cost of non-compliance
- Your breeding objective
- Genetic traits that help drive profit
- How do you know it's working?
- Resources and tools to help















- Producers are a key part of the red meat value chain.
- Not meeting market specifications dents your profitability.
- Most market specifications have genetic traits of influence.
- Selection and breeding objectives can help hit your target more consistently and efficiently.
- Assess your performance and make improvements to your program.

















What is a value chain approach?

- Yes producers are a key part of the value chain!
- Supply chain = producing a bulk commodity
- Value chain = producing a high quality, premium product
- Value is extracted along the way
- Strongest link to the value chain = hitting your target market
- Includes good relationship with your buyer/processor, consumer understanding, market trends and opportunities



What drives profit in your livestock business?



- Profit = Income Costs
- Income = quantity of product x price received
- Costs = operating costs (variable) and fixed costs

Want more profit?

- Increase quantity of product
- Maintain or decrease cost of production
- Improve the price received











Fast Five to Focus On.....







2. Improve weaning rate (reproductive performance)



3. Improve growth rate



4. Control cost of production



5. Evaluate your market options and consistently meet your market specifications















Are you hitting the target?

- How often do producers meet their market specifications?
- How much does non-compliance cost?
- What if you're not hitting your target market?
 - ✓ Management
 - √ Genetics
- Make sure you have the right target market!













Cost of non-compliance

- 2017 study investigating compliance of Victoria pasture fed beef value chain
- 63,000 heifers and steers analysed for their compliance to specifications across two years (2012 and 2013)
- Only 33.9% met all specifications for carcase weight and fat depth
- Average cost of non-compliance \$78 per carcase
- Range of cost up to \$344 per carcase (way too heavy & fat)
- Based on \$3.30/kg carcase weight you do the math for recent pricing!

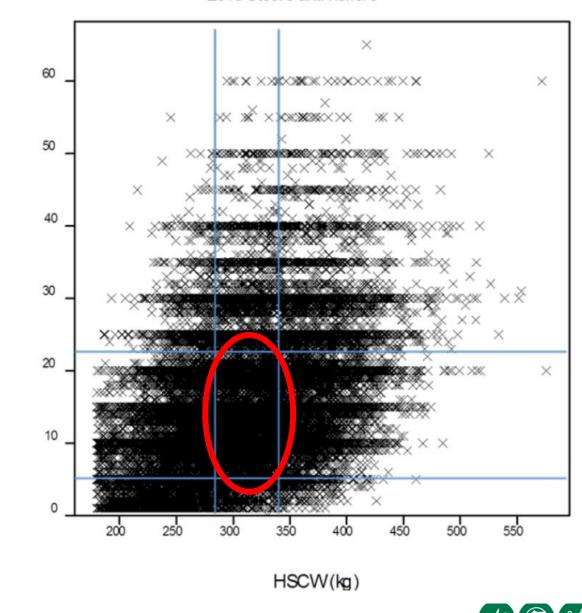


Sweet spot

- Crawford et al 2017
- MSA only just getting popular
- Look at discounting rates
- Know the Sweet Spot
- Aim to be financially rewarded and consistent

Fat depth (mm)

 Be a reliable supplier of beef and lamb that consistently hits the Sweet Spot



Lamb Grid example

Market Specifications

20.1kg – 32.0kg HSCW Fat Score 2 – 5

Sweet spot = \$4.70/kg



	NSL - Suckers	Sweet spo	t = \$4.70/kg
HSCW	CROSS BRED LAMB	DORPER LAMB	MERINO LAMB
20.1kg – 32.okg	\$4.70	\$4.50	\$4.40
18.1kg – 20.0kg	\$4.30	\$4.10	\$4.00
	Shorn Lambs		

	Shorii Edilibs		
HSCW	CROSS BRED LAMB	DORPER LAMB	MERINO LAMB
22.1kg – 32.0kg	\$4.40	\$4.20	\$4.10
20.1kg – 22.0kg	\$4.00	\$3.80	\$3.70

HSCW	HOGGET
20.1kg – 32.0kg	\$2.00

^{*}Please note penalties in weight specifications. 32.1kg+ less_50c/kg, 20.0kg – 16kg priced at \$3.00/kg, -16kg \$1.0

Beware the discounting!

32.1 kg+ = -50 c/kg

16-20kg priced at \$3.00/kg

<16kg = \$1.00/kg

Fat score 1 = -\$1.00/kg

^{*} Above pricing is applicable for stock identified as Fat Score 2-5. I identified as Fat Score 1, penalty of \$1.00/kg

^{*} Ram Lambs will be priced at \$2.00/kg

Lamb Grid example 2022



Market Specifications

16.1kg – 32.0kg HSCW

Fat Score 2 – 5

Sweet spot = \$7.60/kg

HSCW	XBL	DORPER LAMB	MERINO LAMB
16.1kg - 32.okg	\$7.60	\$7.60	\$7.40

^{*}Please note penalties in weight specifications. 32.1kg-34.0kg less .5oc/kg, 34.1kg+ less additional .5oc/kg, under 16.0kg priced at \$5.00/kg.

Relatively low discounting!

$$32.1kg + = -50c/kg$$

$$16-20 \text{kg} = -50 \text{c/kg}$$

$$<16kg = $5.00/kg$$

Fat score
$$1 = -30c/kg$$







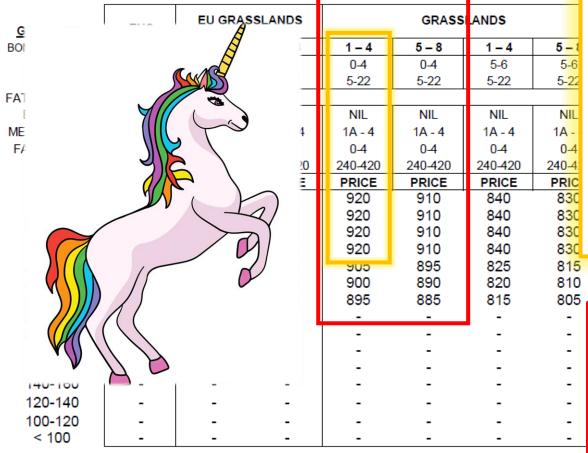
^{**} Above pricing is applicable for stock identified at Fat Score 2-5. Nidentified as Fat Score 1, penalty of 0.3oc/kg will be applied.

^{***} Ram Lambs incur a penalty of .50c/kg.

^{****} Hoggets to be POA

Beef example – MSA Grassfed Steer





SWEET SPOT:

Carcase weight 300-420kg
Fat 5-22mm

0-4 Teeth

840

Meat colour 1A-4

Fat colour 0-4

Boning groups 1-4

835

835 83	770	765	_ 7
MARKET S	PECIFIC	CATIONS	S :
Carcase w	eight 24	40-420k	g
Fat 5-22m	m		
0-4 Teeth			
Meat colo	ur 1A-4		
Fat colour	0-4		

780

775

775

770

770

765

STEERS			
S	S 1	S2	S3
0-8	0-6	7-8	0-8
5-22	3-22	3-22	0-22
0-4	0-4	0-4	0-9
1A – 5	ANY	ANY	ANY
0-5	ANY	ANY	ANY
240-420	180-420	180-420	ANY
PRICE	PRICE	PRICE	PRICE
745	740	730	720
745	740	730	720
745	740	730	720
745	740	730	720
740	735	725	715
735	730	720	710
730	720	710	700
-	715	705	695
-	705	695	685
-	695	685	655
-	-	-	485
-	-	-	385
-	-	-	355
-	-	-	335
-	-	-	320









Breeding Objective



Breeding and feeding to maximise profit



- Fit for your farm
- Fit for your market
 - Carcase traits Muscle (EMA or EMD), Fat, IMF, LMY/RBY
 - Growth traits Weights at weaning, post weaning, yearling, and beyond
- Spend more time on breeding and selection decisions
- Genetics is permanent and cumulative











BEEF Weight EBVs

ANGUS 400 DAY WT	
Breed Average 400 Day Weight	+90
Your Herd Average 400 Day Weight	+80
Bull Purchased	+100
Difference between your herd and new bull	+20
Your Calves	+10kg heavier
@ \$3.00/kg LWT	\$30 / hd











- Carcase Weight
- Eye Muscle Area (EMA)
- Rib Fat
- Rump Fat
- Retail Beef Yield (RBY)
- Intramuscular Fat (IMF)













Eye Muscle Area EMA (cm²)

- Genetic potential for eye muscle area 12/13th rib site
- More positive generally more favourable
- Influences carcase weight and retail beef yield

Carcase Weight (kg)

- Weight of Hot Standard Carcase Weight (HSCW)
- Defined by AUSMEAT to be 650 days (750d for Angus)
- Carcase weight quantity profit driver













BREEDPLAN

Rib Fat and Rump Fat (mm)

- Rib Fat: Depth at the 12-13th rib site of std wt steer carcase
- Rump Fat: Depth at P8 rump site
- More +ve or more -ve may be favourable depending on your breeding objective
- Fat is positive correlated to reproductive performance and resilience in tough times
- Negatively correlated with yield but minimum fat is required for quality and processing needs









Retail Beef Yield (RBY) %

- Difference in boned out retail beef yield in std carcase
- More positive = more favourable

Intramuscular Fat (IMF) %

- Difference in IMF (marbling) as the 12/13th rib site in a standard carcase
- More positive = more favourable

Value Based Payment Systems

More accurate and objective measures













LAMB Carcase Traits





Muscle – Eye Muscle Depth EMD

- Both management and nutrition change eye muscle
- EMD ASBVs tell you the genetic potential of an animal for muscling
- ↑ muscling = ↑ carcase value (↑ LMY)

Other benefits:

- Higher dressing percentage
- Better reproductive performance and worm resistance

Watch out – relationship with growth and leanness, plus meat quality

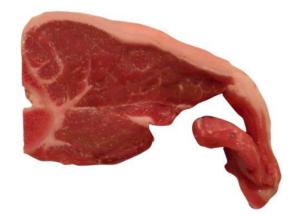








LAMB Carcase Traits





FAT (mm) – genetic potential for fatness

- Post weaning PFAT, Yearling YFAT, Hogget HFAT
- PRIME LAMBS fatness has an intermediate optimum
- BREEDING EWES fat increases ability to maintain BCS during tough times
- Other benefits improved reproductive rate, CV of fibre diameter, intramuscular fat and eating quality
- Watch out increased fatness decreases fleece weight, carcase yield









LAMB Growth Traits

Weight for Age (WT)

- Growth potential of an animal at key times of typical marketing
- WWT, PWT, YWT, HWT, AWT
- Selection for higher growth = lambs reach heavier weights at younger age
- Lambs marketed sooner or at heavier weights for age
- Other benefits improved repro rate, higher LMY, higher fleece weight
- Watch out increased FD, increase BWT, high mature weights









LAMB LMY and Eating Quality





LMY % – Lean Meat Yield

Higher % means greater potential of carcase lean meat yield

Intramuscular Fat (IMF) %

Higher % means greater potential for IMF expression (marbling)

What if I don't get paid for these traits?

Consider it for the future











Value based payments in Lamb



CDI	STA
NUKI	121/1

	eks 33-34		™ \GRISIN				
	August 23 August 23	<50	50 – 53	53 – 57	57 – 60	> 60	
	<18	\$2.45	\$2.80	\$3.15	\$2.85	\$1.65	Sweet
(kg)	18 – 24	\$4.45	\$4.80	\$5.15	\$4.85	\$3.65	Spot
HSCW (24 – 32	\$4.80	\$5.05	\$5.35	\$5.05	\$3.85	Markla
HS	32 – 34	\$4.60	\$4.85	\$5.15	\$4.85	\$3.65	Marble Score
	>34	\$3.30	\$3.55	\$3.85	\$3.55	\$2.35	

All lambs graded as GLQ5+ receive \$0.80 premium per kg









Other value chain considerations could be included in your breeding program?



- Lean meat yield and eating quality
- Value based payment systems
- Sustainability and methane emissions
 - ➤ New Sustainability research index for Merinos
- Welfare and wellbeing traits
 - > Polled/horned, worm resistance, flystrike resistance
- Net Feed Intake (NFI-F)



Target market example – Grassfed MSA Steers



Attribute	Specification	Genetic Traits of Influence
HSCW	300 – 420 kg	Growth (400 & 600 day), CWT
Fat	5 – 22 mm	Rib Fat and Rump Fat
Dentition	0 – 4 teeth	Growth (400 & 600 day)
	Ossification	Growth for Age (400 & 600 day)
Meat Colour	0 - 4	MSA Management Guidelines
Fat Colour	0 - 4	MSA Management Guidelines
Boning Groups	1A – 4	IMF, 400 & 600 Day, Rib Fat, Meat & Fat Colour
MSA Index	Not stated but likely 60+ points	IMF, 400 & 600 Day, Rib Fat, Meat & Fat Colour









What is the MSA Index?

- Standard national measure of the predict quality of a carcase
- MSA Index is a number between 30 to 80 (ave 57.37)
- Represents eating quality across the whole carcase
- Model predicts eating quality of 39 cuts in carcase
- MSA Index is a weighted average of the scores
- A tool to be used by producers and lot feeders

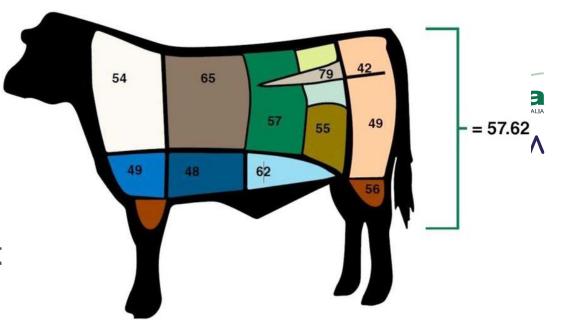






Image source: Bonny et al. (2018) Review: The variability of the eating quality of beef can be reduced by predicting consumer satisfaction.











What impacts the MSA Index?



Carcase Input	Size of Effect on the MSA Index (units)	Relative importance of change in MSA Index
HGP Status	5	Very High
Milk-fed vealer	4	Very High
Saleyard	5	Very High
MSA marbling	0.15	High
Hump height	-0.7	High
Tropical Breed Content %	0 to -6.3	High
Ossification score	0.6	High
Rib fat	0.1	Medium
HSCW	0.01	Low
Sex	0.3 (females)	Low

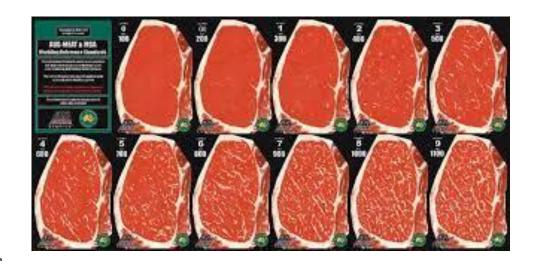
Want to improve your MSA Index?

Increase Marbling

- Increase marbling through genetic strategies
- Purchase bulls with higher EBVs for IMF%
- Finish on a good nutrition prior to slaughter

Increase Carcase Wt and Rib Fat

- Aim to achieve heavier carcases at the same age/maturity (ossification)
- Use sires with higher 400 or 600 Day EBVs
- Improve nutritional value of feed





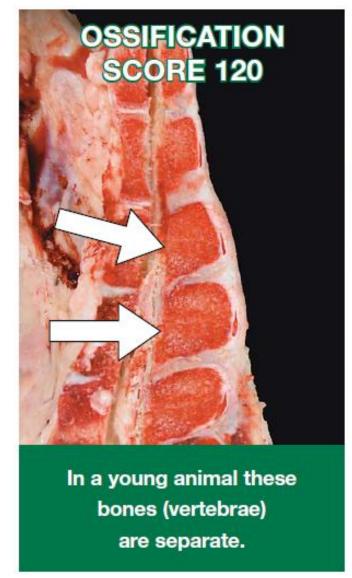


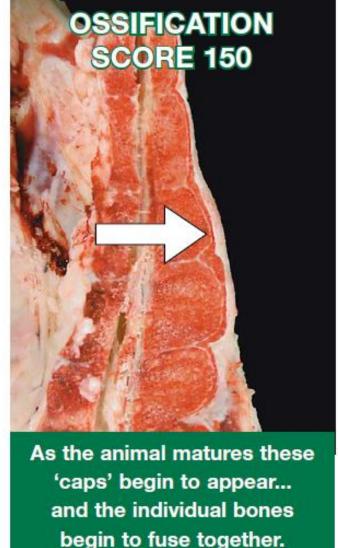


Ossification

Increase Marbling

- Measure of physical maturity of the beef carcase
- HSCW + Ossification = weight for maturity measurement
- Faster growing cattle have better eating quality
- Heifers, HGPs and stress can increase ossification score













How do you know you're hitting your target market?



- Obtain carcase feedback from your processor / feedlot performance
- Strong relationship with processor / feedlotter (not just your agent)
- Livestock Data Link / MLA MyFeedback
- Analyse and evaluate the feedback you receive
- Calculate the cost of non-compliance
- Make changes to your management and breeding objectives if needed









Body Sex	RFID	Farm Tag	Dent :	Shape	Fat	MC	FC	Oss	AUS Mb	MSA Mb	EMA	BG Br	ACFM reed Grader ID	 Weigh	Right Side	Value	Weight	Left Side \$/Kg	Value	Total HSCW (kg)	Total Value	MSA Index	LMY*	VBM Group
565 F	942 000031251880		0	С	8	4	2	190	1	320	80		878275	125.6	4.95	621.72	122.2	4.95	604.89	247.8	1,226.61		59.62	
566 F	942 000031251184		0	С	8	2	2	160	1	380	81	6	878275	135.8	5.40	733.32	136.6	5.40	737.64	272.4	1,470.96	59.28	58.65	1
567 F	942 000031252102		0	С	10	2	2	140	1	320	68	5	878275	117.4	5.30	622.22	116.4	5.30	616.92	233.8	1,239.14	59.45	58.30	1
568 F	942 000031251838		0	С	8	2	3	180	1	320	88	7	878275	127.8	5.35	683.73	125.6	5.35	671.96	253.4	1,355.69	57.30	59.69	3
569 F	942 000031251771		0	С	8	2	2	190	1	320	65	8	878275	119.8	5.35	640.93	121.0	5.35	647.35	240.8	1,288.28	56.21	56.99	4
570 F	942 000031251980		0	С	10	2	2	190	1	320	79	7	878275	147.2	5.45	802.24	147.2	5.45	802.24	294.4	1,604.48	57.17	56.32	4
571 F	942 000031250940		0	С	15	2	2	180	1	320	79	7	878275	135.4	5.40	731.16	134.2	5.40	724.68	269.6	1,455.84	57.69	56.97	4
572 F	942 000031251732		0	С	10	3	3	170	1	320	84	7	878275	146.4	5.45	797.88	145.2	5.45	791.34	291.6	1,589.22	57.86	58.26	3
573 M	942 000031250976		0	С	15	2	2	140	1	360	70	3	878275	130.6	5.40	705.24	128.8	5.40	695.52	259.4	1,400.76	60.45	58.67	1
574 F	942 000031251255		0	С	12	3	3	180	1	330	82	7	878275	130.2	5.35	696.57	127.6	5.35	682.66	257.8	1,379.23	57.00	59.49	3
575 F	942 000031251711		0	С	7	2	2	170	1	360	82		878275	132.0	5.05	666.60	124.0	5.05	626.20	256.0	1,292.80		60.56	
576 F	942 000031252178		0	С	10	2	2	150	1	380	75	4	878275	143.2	5.45	780.44	140.0	5.45	763.00	283.2	1,543.44	60.74	55.68	2
577 F	942 000031252109		0	С	10	2	2	180	1	320	85	7	878275	144.0	5.45	784.80	142.0	5.45	773.90	286.0	1,558.70	57.18	58.68	3
578 F	942 000031251004		0	С	13	2	2	180	1	320	80	7	878275	147.2	5.45	802.24	144.0	5.45	784.80	291.2	1,587.04	57.77	56.63	4
579 F			0	С	8	2	3	170	0	250	78		878275	128.6	5.05	649.43	126.4	5.05	638.32	255.0	1,287.75		59.95	

Summary	Head	Weight	Avg Weight	Avg Fat	Avg Teeth	Value	\$/Head	\$/Kg	Avg MSA Index	Avg LMY* %	Avg VBM Group
Grass Fed Steer	1.0	259.4	259.4	15	0	1400.76	1400.76	5.40	60.45	58.67	1
Grass Fed Heifer	14.0	3733.0	266.6	9	0	19879.18	1419.94	5.33	57.97	57.79	2
Total	15.0	3,992.4				21,279.94					





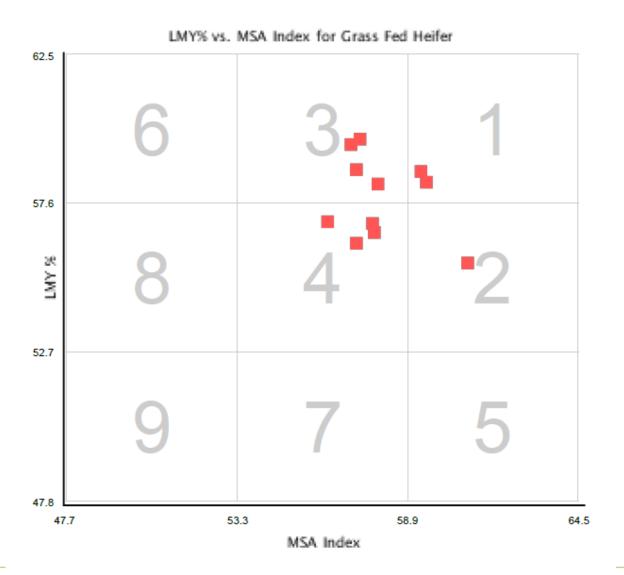




Value-based marketing feedback













Value-based marketing feedback



LMY % vs. MSA Index for Category





LMY %	Bottom 20% for quality, top 20% for yield	Average quality, top 20% for yield	Top 20% for both quality & yield		
	Bottom 20% for quality, average yield	Average quality & yield	Top 20% for quality & average yield		
	Bottom 20% for both quality & yield	Average quality, bottom 20% for yield	Top 20% for quality, bottom 20% for yield		

MSA Index







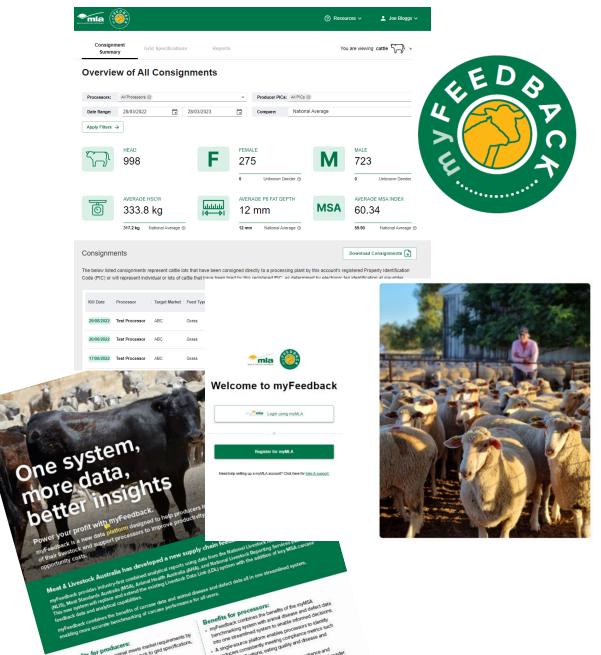


MLA's new "myFeedback"

One system, more data, better insights

- Combining carcase, eating quality and disease & defect data in one single access point (NLIS, MSA, AHA, NLRS)
- It is the only system that allows for aggregated industry benchmarking (National, State and Regional)
- System access will be available for all participating cattle and sheep producers (owners AND breeders), processors and brand owners
- New data linkages with NLRS have been established to quantify the lost opportunity cost of disease based on offal condemnations
- Linkages are provided with the 'Solutions to Feedback' library for all your information needs
- The 5 main producer analysis sections include:
 - Consignment overview (summary section)
 - Disease & Defect
 - Meat Standards Australia
 - Compliance & Comparisons (Grid Section)
 - Combined Reporting (Production Traits by Disease/Defect)
- myFeedback will include a new enhanced login experience, leveraging the myMLA single sign on process, allowing you to easily provide access to your data for: agistees, agents, advisors, veterinarians, farm workers etc.







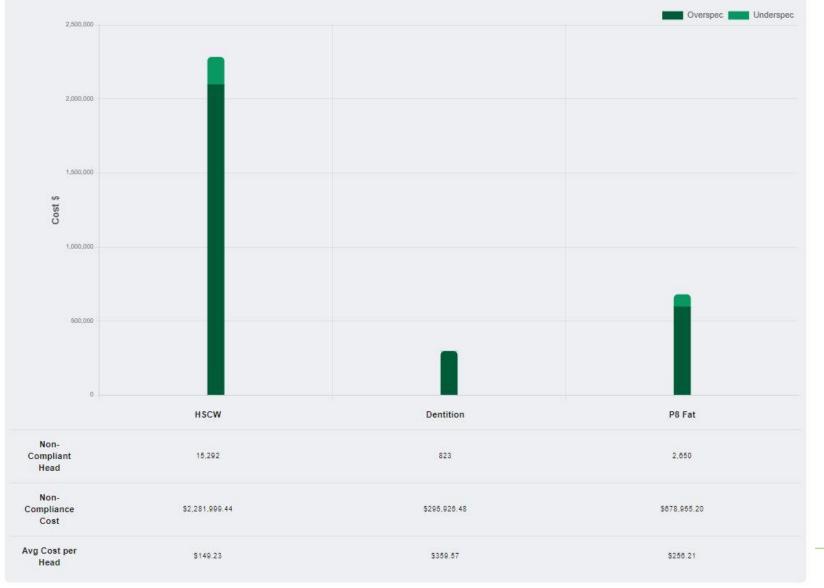
View % Levels

View Costs















Take Home Messages



- Not meeting market specifications can be costly for your
- Genetics is responsible for a significant proportion of the gains made in productivity and profitability
- Your breeding objective traits needs to be linked to profit drivers
- Fit for Farm, Fit for Market
- Assess your product performance and aim to improve
- Good genetics does not fix bad management!







Resources and help

- Meat Standards Australia Grading | Solutions to feedback (mla.com.au)
- MLA Genetics | Australian Genetics
- Breedplan and Sheep Genetics websites
- myFeedback (mla.com.au)
- BredWell FedWell | Meat & Livestock Australia (mla.com.au)
- Trusted advisor
- Your processor / buyer



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