

US Imported Beef Market

A Weekly Update

Prepared Exclusively for Meat & Livestock Australia - Sydney

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Market Highlights for the Week:

- · Imported beef prices steady to higher this week as higher prices for domestic grinds continue to support demand
- US 50CL beef prices surpassed \$200/cwt and remain at all time record highs
- Fat trim availability almost non existent and users caught short have to pay exorbitant prices in order to keep commitments to customers. This has negatively impacted demand for 90CL beef since users cannot buy the lean component if they cannot find fat trim
- Forward domestic beef sales have declined following the sharply higher beef prices but demand will truly slow down when consumers are faced with much higher prices and have to adjust their purchasing behavior
- Pasture conditions are off to a great start, normal for this time of year.

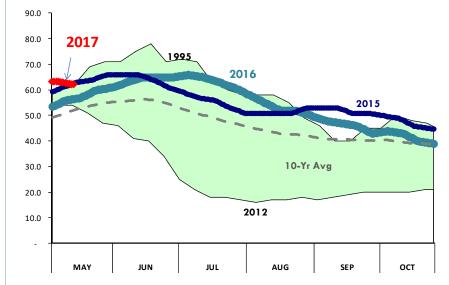
Imported Market Activity for the Week

Prices for imported lean grinding beef continued to trade very firm again this week even as end users remain quite reluctant in booking product further out. Supplies from New Zealand and Australia showed some improvement due to higher slaughter in both countries as well as the higher prices now being paid in the US. Some of the market participants we contacted today said business was good. Finding fat trim in the domestic market continues to be a challenge and this tends to

impact demand for lean grinding beef as well. However at this time end users are finding sourcing domestic grinding materials challenging on all fronts, especially as the value of lean cuts has exploded to the upside. Imported beef tends to benefit at this time. Domestic fresh 90CL beef was quoted tonight at 225 cents per pound FOB Central US. With freight costs of 9 to 12 cents to ship to WC and EC respectively, imported beef continues to provide value in the market. Prices for imported fat trim remain very firm in light of the sharp increase in the value of the benchmark US 50CL beef.

US PASTURE CONDITIONS: 20 YEAR HISTORY

% RATED IN GOOD/EXCELLENT CONDITION. WEEK of May 12, 2017. Source USDA/NASS



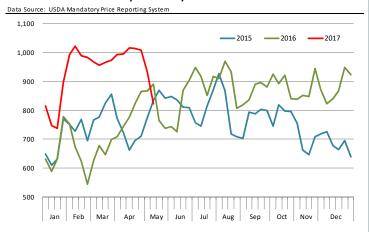
Beef Cows in states with 40% Good to Excellent								
Last year	Cows	% of Total						
10/25/15	14344	47.41%						
05/01/16	27162	89.78%						
05/08/16	27992	92.52%						
This Year								
10/30/16	18743	61.96%						
05/07/17	29759	98.37%						
05/14/17	29257	96.71%						

Source: LMIC

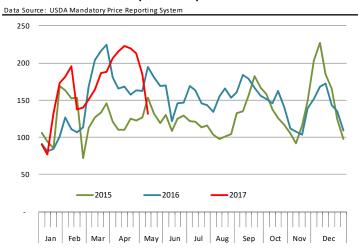
We reviewed the situation in the US beef market last week and little has changed since then. Supplies in the spot market continue to be very limited and, in the short term, this will tend to support prices well above seasonal levels. The concern among market participants is how current very high prices will impact demand later in the summer. It is still too early to say how quickly the price spike for some items will force retailers to raise prices and thus dramatically impact quantity demanded. There are indications that already high prices have impacted packer forward sales. Each week USDA issues a comprehensive cutout report, a weekly publication that reports not just on spot market sales but also export and forward sales. In the last two weeks, sales of beef 22-60 days forward averaged 681 loads per week compared to almost a 1000 loads a week we saw in March and April. Current volume is also down compared to the same period in 2015 and 2016. Sales are down also for beef sold 61-90 days out and beef for delivery +91 days into the future. Does this mean that US beef/cattle prices are about to collapse? Not necessarily. We think that the beef market will adjust lower not when processors or company buyers slow down their buying but when actual consumers change their purchasing behavior. And consumers will change how much beef they demand each week when they see sticker prices change. This takes time. Retailers often will continue to promote product even when expensive because they know that consumers expect to see a sale during key periods, such as Memorial Day or the 4th of July. Foodservice operators have long supply chains and contracts with processors that do not kick in immediately. And even when prices move up restaurants have to contend with printed menus and very stiff competition. Bottom line, in the short term end users sitting on the sidelines may slow down sales but they do not impact real demand. It will be important to pay attention to retail and foodservice reports that provide an indication on the rate of inflation there and how quickly that starts to impact consumer purchasing behavior.

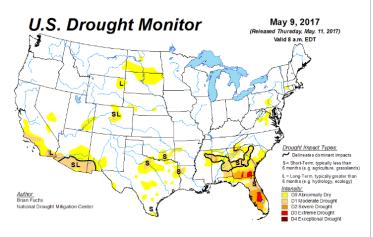
On page 1 we have updated our regular chart on pasture conditions. USDA has once again started to provide its regular update and, as is normally the case in May, pastures across the country are in excellent shape. Drought conditions are minimal across most regions with large beef cow herds and we expect pasture conditions to stay near the high end of the range at lest through June. This is important as it will tend to slow down the flow of beef cows into the market during the summer months. Calf prices also have rebounded, which could also limit the supply of cull cows that will be available in the short term. It

Beef Loads Sold For Delivery 22 - 60 Days. 4-WK MA



Beef Loads Sold For Delivery 61 - 90 Days. 4-WK MA





is important to remember that the US beef cow herd is larger now than it was a couple of years ago and this will mean more cull cows are going to be available. However, the high rate of marketings in the spring, good pasture conditions and higher calf prices may limit domestic lean grinding beef availability and create opportunities for US beef importers.

US Domestic Price Summary

Prices for 90CL boneless beef were quoted at 230 US cents on the top side, 5 cent higher than a week ago and 11 cents higher than year ago levels. The weighted average price tonight was quoted at 225, 4 cents higher than a week ago. 85CL beef trim prices on the top side were quoted tonight at 203 cents, 7 cents higher than last week and 10 cents higher than last year. The weighted average price for 85CL beef was 199 cents a pound, 3 cents higher than a week ago. 50CL beef price was 204.5 cents on the high side, 15 cent higher than a week ago and 148.5 cent higher than last year. On a weighted average basis, the price of 50CL beef is now 201 cents, about 15 cents higher than last week

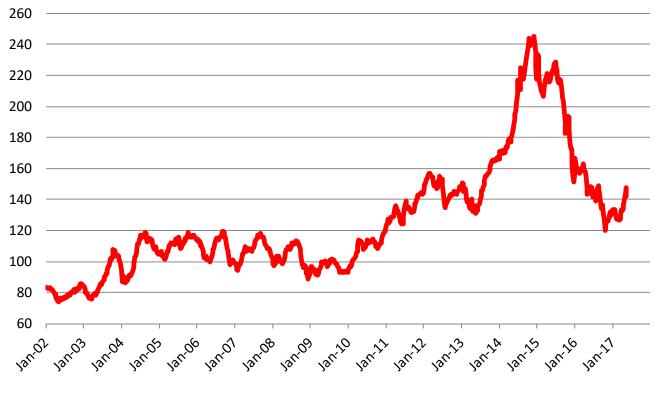
Prices for 42CL pork trim were mixed compared to a week ago, with fat pork prices down as much as 7 cents compared to last year despite the very expensive prices for beef trimmings. Large hog numbers continue to keep the market for pork well supplied. Prices for 72CL pork have gained since this item can more easily replace beef 50CL in formulations. Current prices are up 12 cents compared to last year.

CME Cattle Feeder Index and US Cattle Markets

Special Live Animal Reference Price

	Current Week	Prior Week 9-May-17	% CHANGE VS. WK AGO	Last Year	- Change from Last Year
CME FEEDER CATTLE INDEX	142.12	147.66	-3.8%	148.45	-4.3%
	17-May-17	10-May-17		18-May-16	
FED STEER (5-MKT AVG)	137.33	144.52	-5.0%	132.45	3.7%
CUTTER COW CARCASS, NATIONAL,					
90% LEAN, 350-400 LB. (carcass wt.)	125.50	125.50	0.0%	141.50	-11.3%
BONER COW CARCASS, NATIONAL, 85% LEAN, 400-500 LB. (carcass wt.)	124.00	123.00	0.8%	136.00	-8.8%
BREAKER COW CARCASS, NATIONAL, 75% LEAN, 500+ (carcass wt.)	115.00	112.00	2.7%	127.00	-9.4%
CUTTER COW CARCASS CUTOUT,					
5-DAY MA, USDA	248.17	244.58	1.5%	227.76	9.0%

CME Feeder Cattle Index



Source: Chicago Mercantile Exchange

TABLE 2 - IMPORTED BEEF PRICES, 7:45 DAYS, CIF

	Current	Week	Prior W	/eek	Change From Last Week	Last Y	ear	Change From Last Year
	1 <i>7-</i> Ma	y-17	10-Ma	y-1 <i>7</i>		18-Ma	y-16	
US East Coast Australian/N	Z Lean, CIF	-						
95 CL Bull, E. Coast	237.0	238.0	237.0	238.0	0.0	212.0	213.0	25.0
90 CL Blended Cow	217.0	220.0	212.0	215.0	5.0	192.0	193.0	27.0
90 CL Shank	215.0	217.0	210.0	212.0	5.0	193.0	194.0	23.0
85 CL Fores	199.0	201.0	200.0	202.0	-1.0		178.0	23.0
85 CL Chucks		UNQ		UNQ	N/A		UNQ	N/A
95 CL Bull, W. Coast	235.0	236.0	235.0	236.0	0.0	211.0	212.0	24.0
Uruguay CFH 90CL, E. Coast		UNQ		UNQ	N/A		UNQ	N/A
US East Coast, Trimmings, G	<u>CIF</u>							
85 CL Trimmings	199.0	200.0	199.0	201.0	-1.0		177.0	23.0
80 CL Trimmings	182.0	185.0	177.0	180.0	5.0	154.0	155.0	30.0
75 CL Trimmings		UNQ	166.0	167.0	N/A	134.0	135.0	N/A
65 CL Trimmings	135.0	140.0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	140.0	0.0		98.0	42.0
US East Coast Australian C	uts, CIF							
Cap Off Steer Insides	280.0	285.0	280.0	285.0	0.0	295.0	305.0	-20.0
Steer Insides 14/18	***************************************	UNQ	00.000.000	UNQ	N/A		UNQ	N/A
Steer Flats	***************************************	UNQ		UNQ	N/A	215.0	220.0	N/A
Steer Knuckles	250.0	255.0	245.0	255.0	0.0	230.0	235.0	20.0

TABLE 3 – IMPORTED BEEF PRICES, 7:45 DAYS, US WAREHOUSE

					Change From Last			Change From Last
	Current	Week	Prior W	/eek	Week	Last Y	ear	Year
	1 7- Ma	y-17	10-Ma	y-1 <i>7</i>		18-Ma	y-16	
US East Coast Australian/N	Z Lean, FO	B US Port	<u>t</u>					000000000000000000000000000000000000000
95 CL Bull, E. Coast	244.0	246.0	243.0	244.0	2.0	220.0	222.0	24.0
90 CL Blended Cow	227.0	228.0	226.0	228.0	0.0	202.0	203.0	25.0
90 CL Shank	224.0	225.0	220.0	224.0	1.0	203.0	204.0	21.0
85 CL Fores	210.0	211.0	207.0	210.0	1.0	183.0	184.0	27.0
85 CL Chucks		UNQ		UNQ	N/A		UNQ	N/A
95 CL Bull, W. Coast	244.0	245.0	240.0	242.0	3.0	220.0	221.0	24.0
Uruguay CFH 90CL, E. Coast		UNQ	004004000000000000000000000000000000000	UNQ	N/A		UNQ	N/A
US East Coast, Trimmings, I	OB US Por	<u>t</u>						000000000000000000000000000000000000000
85 CL Trimmings	209.0	210.0	207.0	208.0	2.0	182.0	183.0	27.0
80 CL Trimmings	191.0	193.0	188.0	190.0	3.0	163.0	164.0	29.0
75 CL Trimmings	175.0	179.0	170.0	171.0	8.0	138.0	140.0	39.0
65 CL Trimmings	148.0	150.0	145.0	147.0	3.0		100.0	50.0
US East Coast Australian C	uts, FOB US	S Port					100000000000000000000000000000000000000	
Cap Off Steer Insides	290.0	293.0	285.0	290.0	3.0	285.0	310.0	-17.0
Steer Insides 14/18		UNQ		UNQ	N/A		UNQ	N/A
Steer Flats		UNQ		UNQ	N/A	230.0	235.0	N/A
Steer Knuckles	255.0	260.0	255.0	260.0	0.0	240.0	245.0	15.0

TABLE 4 – US DOMESTIC BEEF AND CATTLE PRICES

	Current	Week	Prior W	/eek	Change From Last Week	Last Y	ear	Change from Last Year
Domestic Cutouts	17-Ma	y-17	10-Ma	y-1 <i>7</i>		18-Ma	y-16	
Choice Cutout	248.	1 <i>7</i>	244.	58	3.6	227.	76	20.4
Select Cutout	221.9	93	224.	62	-2.7	212.	20	9.7
Domestic Lean Grinding Beef								
90 CL Boneless	221.0	230.0	220.0	225.0	5.0	216.0	219.0	11.0
85 CL Beef Trimmings	198.0	203.0	196.0	196.0	7.0	190.0	193.0	10.0
50 CL Beef Trim	198.0	204.5	179.3	189.6	14.9	47.0	56.0	148.5
Domestic Pork Trim								
42 CL Pork Trim	37.0	48.3	38.0	41.1	7.2	43.0	55.0	-6.7
72 CL Pork Trim	79.5	95.3	75.1	95.5	-0.3	63.0	83.3	12.0
Point of Lean Values								
90 CL Domestic	255.	.6	250	.0	5.6	243	.3	12.2
50 CL Beef Trimming	409.	.0	379	.2	29.8	112	.0	297.0
42 CL Pork Trim	114.	.9	97.	9	17.0	130	.9	-16.0
72 CL Pork Trim	132	.3	132	.6	-0.3	115	.6	16.7
National Direct Fed Steer (5-day accum. wt. avg. price)	137.	33	144.	52	-7.2	132.	45	4.9

TABLE 5 – FUTURES AND SLAUGHTER INFORMATION

	Change From Last				Cha	nge From	
Futures Contracts	Current Week	Prior Week	Week		Last Year	Last Year	
	17-May-17	10-May-17			18-May-16		
Live Cattle Futures							
June '17	122.450	118.525	t	3.93	123.125	Į.	-0.67
August '17	118.825	114.775	1	4.05	119.950	1	-1.13
October '17	115.575	113.750	t	1.83	119.525	Į.	-3.95
December '17	116.325	114.600	t	1.73	118.825	1	-2.50
Feeder Cattle Futures							
May '17	141.975	142.075	1	-0.10	149.500	Ţ	-7.53
August '17	147.725	145.850	1	1.88	149.350	Ţ	-1.63
September '17	147.875	146.275	1	1.60	147.375	1	0.50
October '17	146.750	145.525	1	1.22	147.375	Į.	-0.63
Corn Futures							
May '17	371 1/2	359	t	12.50	399 1/2	Ţ	-28.00
July '17	379 1/4	366 3/4	1	12.50	402 1/4	1	-23.00
September '17	389	373 3/4	1	15.25	406	Ţ	-17.00
December '17	398 1/2	384 1/4	1	14.25	413 1/4	Į.	-14.75
Ch Wheat Futures							
May '17	427	407 3/4	t	19.25	480	Ţ	-53.00
July '17	440 1/4	426 1/2	1	13.75	490	1	-49.75
September '17	461 3/4	439 1/4	1	22.50	506	1	-44.25
December '17	479 1/2	462	1	1 <i>7</i> .50	521 1/2	1	-42.00

		Change From Last						
Slaughter Information	7 Days Ending	7 Days Ending		Week	7 Days Ending	Lo	ıst Year	
	17-May-17	10-May-17			18-May-16			
Total Cattle Slaughter	611,000	622,000	1	-11,000	599,000	1	12,000	
	29-Apr-17	22-Apr-17			30-Apr-16			
Total Cow Slaughter	109,369	110,443	1	-1,074	102,400	1	6,969	
Dairy Cow Slaughter	55,460	56,378	1	-918	53,200	1	2,260	
Beef Cow Slaughter	53,909	54,065	1	-156	49,200	1	4,709	

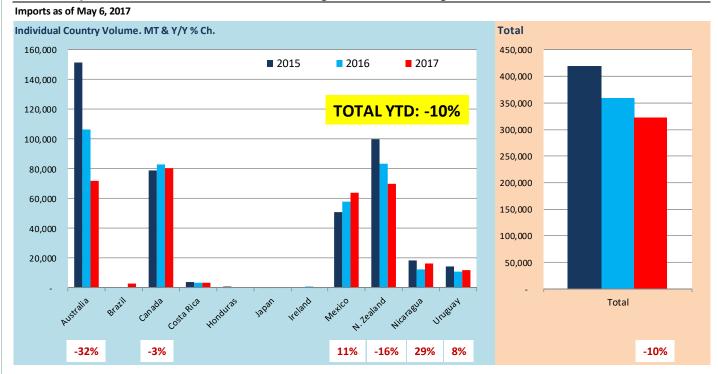
TABLE 7 - US BEEF IMPORTS (Source: USDA/AMS)

YTD Imported Meat Passed for Entry in the US

week 17	4/30/2016	5/6/2017		
Australia	106,472	72,153	(34,319)	-32.2%
Brazil		3,084		
Canada	82,962	80,313	(2,649)	-3.2%
Chile	163	158	(5)	-3.1%
Costa Rica	3,502	3,306	(196)	-5.6%
Honduras			-	
Japan	72	122	50	69.4%
Ireland	952	671	(281)	-29.5%
Mexico	57,902	63,990	6,088	10.5%
New Zealand	83,332	69,814	(13,518)	-16.2%
Nicaragua	12,604	16,322	3,718	29.5%
Uruguay	11,132	11,978	846	7.6%
Total	359,093	322,017	(37,076)	-10.3%

Source: USDA/FSIS

US Beef Imports. Metric Ton. Data Source: USDA/Agricultural Marketing Service

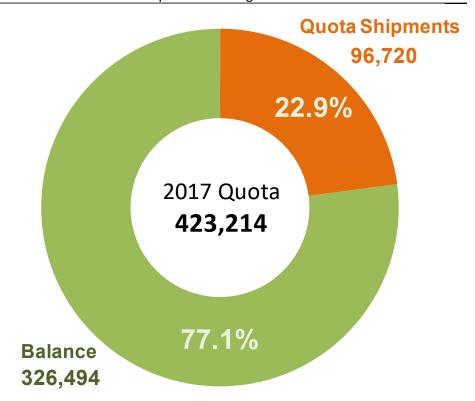


Please note that US Customs has discontinued its previous reporting and now only reports on countries that have a quota allocation. We are now using the AMS data to report YTD beef import entries. This data is slightly different than Customs. We will add at a later time a page that shows quota filled by each country based on the new Customs report

Australian Beef Quota Position

15-May-17

Metric Ton. Australian Department of Agriculture Statistics



USA Quota Entries through Week Ending May 15

