US Imported Beef Market

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Market Highlights for the Week:

• US cow/bull slaughter was below 120k head again last week, 13.4% lower than a year ago and 15% lower than two years ago. Weekly slaughter is expected to run near these levels for much of the spring and summer.

• Lean beef prices appear to have stabilized and market participants have become more cautious in their bids. As a result, imported lean beef values pulled back.

• New Zealand beef exports in March were down 6%, with exports to China down 19% and exports to the US down 10%. Exports to Japan (a small market) more than doubled.

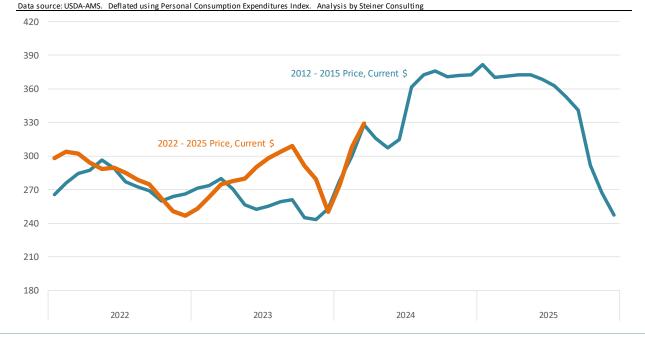
• Australian beef exports to the US continued to trend higher in April despite two holiday shortened weeks. Our current projection is for Australian April shipments to the US to more than double from last year.

• US ground beef prices have become more competitive with chicken breasts in recent weeks, something that may factor in retail features going into Memorial Day.

Imported Market Activity for the Week

The rush to cover needs and stay out of the way of retailers appears to have subsided and buyers seemed content to sit back and let the market come to them last week. Asking prices were steady to start the week but slowly lost ground as the week progressed. Domestic fresh prices have stopped going up and that has brought some doubts as to whether the rally in lean beef values has started to run out of steam. Long term prices are expected to stay well supported. Cow slaughter is expected to decline in both 2024 and 2025 but in the near term fed beef supply is a bit higher than previously expected (feared). There has been an interesting parallel between domestic fresh lean beef prices in the first four months of this year and the same period in 2014 (last cycle). Inflation has been a major factor in recent years so we converted prices in 2014 in current dollars. The thing that stood out the most from this comparison is

Comparison of 90CL Beef Prices during 2012-2015 and 2022-2025. Expressed in Current dollars



that even in 2014 the spring price rally ran out of gas in May and prices pulled back (briefly) during the summer months. Market participants need time to absorb the rate of price increases. Ultimately, however, unless there is a material shift in demand higher prices are needed to ration things out and that's what happened in 2014, with fresh domestic lean beef prices trading at the equivalent of \$380/cwt in today's dollars. It should be noted that this is not a forecast. Ultimately those prices reflect both supply availability and demand conditions at the time. However, what it does show is the potential for prices as supply availability continues to decline.

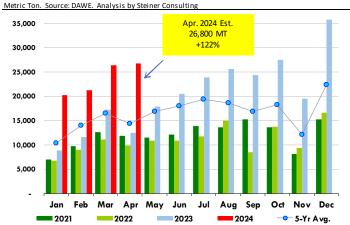
While grinding beef values may have hit the pause button, and even starting to ease a bit for product delivering later in the summer, round beef values continue to be very well supported. There are real concerns about the price of domestic round and chuck values in the second half of 2024, particularly in the fall and this continues to keep processors engaged.

Other market notes:

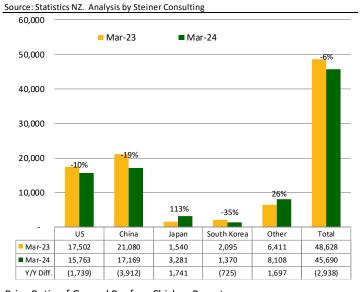
Australian exports to US double in April. While April shipments reflect a comparison to historically low volumes, nonetheless the reality is that there is more Australian beef through Q1 and expected to show up in Q2. In the last three years Australian beef shipments to the US have averaged under 12k/ This year they are on track to be near 27k MT. MT and will likely climb higher in May and June. US beef imports in recent weeks have averaged about 11k MT over a year ago and Australia accounted for about 10k of that. Australian beef export shipments to the US have remained higher 2.0 even as slaughter has affected by holidays (Easter, 1.8 ANZAC). With full slaughter schedules in May and June and New Zealand slaughter also at seasonal highs, US buyers will have adequate imported supply and less urgency. Market will be tested in the fall, however, as domestic culling rate declines.

La Nina odds start to increase. According to the Australian Bureau of Meteorology, "La Niña typically means increased rainfall across much of Australia, cooler daytime temperatures (south of the tropics), warmer overnight temperatures (in the north) and a shift in temperature extremes." Odds of La Nina developing later this year have been steadily increasing and this may have significant

AUSTRALIAN BEEF EXPORTS TO THE UNITED STATES







Price Ratio of Ground Beef vs. Chicken Breasts

Price Source: USDA Wt. Avg. Latest data point is July 1. Analysis by Steiner Consulting



implications for Australian cattle slaughter and beef supply availability. While the cattle inventory has increased and this will continue to underpin the supply of beef coming to market, improving moisture conditions could stabilize the flow of cattle coming to market and ease some of the downward

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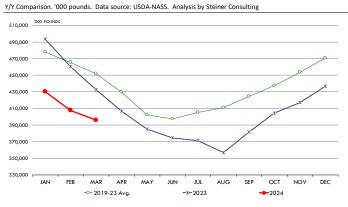
pressure on cattle prices. Producers would be able to better plan marketings and overseas buyers would have to bid a bit more aggressively. At this point we are still talking about probabilities but with domestic supply expected to remain tight for the remainder of the year, this is something that US market participants need to closely monitor.

New Zealand exports down in March. Exports of fresh/frozen beef were 45,690 MT, near 3k MT (-6%) lower than a yea ago. Exports to China continue to track under last year but it still remains the top market for New Zealand beef. March shipments to China were 17,169 MT, 19% lower than a year ago. Shipments to the US market were surprisingly lower as well at 15,763 MT, down 10% from last year. Japan is a fairly small market (6% market share) but shipments there more than doubled at 3,281 MT.

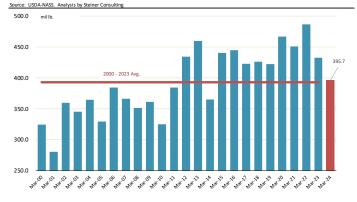
US boneless beef inventories remain limited.

Boneless beef inventory at the end of March was 8.5% lower than a year ago and 12.4% lower than the five year average. The drawdown in boneless beef inventories was in line with the last five years.

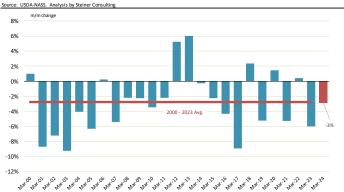








M/M CHANGE IN BONELESS BEEF INVENTORIES. MAR. VS. FEB.



CME Cattle Feeder Index and US Cattle Markets

	Current Week	Prior Week	% CHANGE VS.	Last Year	Change from
	25-Apr-24	18-Apr-24	WK AGO	27-Apr-23	Last Year
CME FEEDER CATTLE INDEX	245.53	241.73	1.6%	203.20	20.8%
	26-Apr-24	19-Apr-24		28-Apr-23	
FED STEER (5-MKT AVG)	183.54	183.52	0.0%	178.67	2.7%
CUTTER COW CARCASS, NATIONAL, 90% LEAN, 350-400 LB. (carcass wt.)	221.50	221.50	0.0%	168.00	31.8%
BONER COW CARCASS, NATIONAL, 85% LEAN, 400-500 LB. (carcass wt.)	222.50	224.00	-0.7%	173.50	28.2%
BREAKER COW CARCASS, NATIONAL, 75% LEAN, 500+ (carcass wt.)	230.00	229.50	0.2%	173.00	32.9%
CUTTER COW CARCASS CUTOUT, 5-DAY MA, USDA	269.86	269.72	0.1%	220.19	22.6%

CME Feeder Cattle Index. Actual + Futures for 2024 and 2025

Source: CME. Analysis by Steiner Consulting

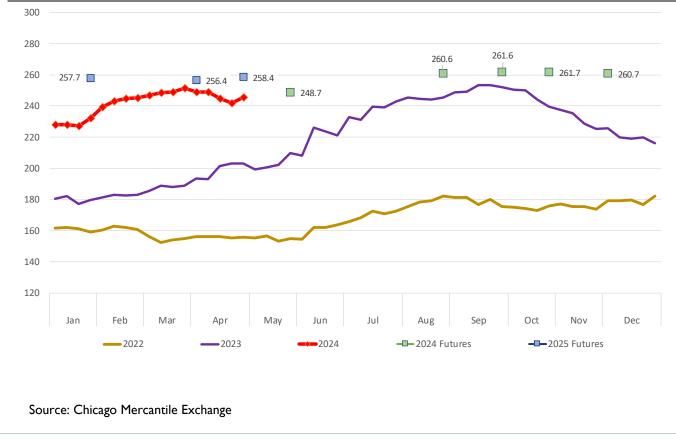


TABLE 2 – IMPORTED BEEF PRICES, 7:45 DAYS, CIF

	Current	Week	Prior W	/eek	Change From Last Week	Last Y	ear	Change From Last Year
	26-Apr-24		19-Apr-24			28-Ap	r-23	
US East Coast Australian/NZ Lean, CIF								
95 CL Bull, E. Coast	290.0	291.0	290.0	292.0	-1.0	276.0	279.0	12.0
90 CL Blended Cow	280.0	282.0	280.0	285.0	-3.0	255.0	260.0	22.0
90 CL Shank		280.0		280.0	0.0		250.0	30.0
85 CL Fores	271.0	273.0	273.0	274.0	-1.0	247.0	248.0	25.0
85 CL Chucks		UNQ		UNQ	N/A		UNQ	N/A
95 CL Bull, W. Coast		290.0	290.0	292.0	-2.0	276.0	277.0	13.0
Uruguay CFH 90CL, E. Coast		UNQ		UNQ	N/A		UNQ	N/A
<u>US East Coast, Trimmings, (</u> 85 CL Trimmings	<u>CIF</u> 270.0	271.0	270.0	272.0	-1.0	247.0	248.0	23.0
80 CL Trimmings		230.0		230.0	0.0	210.0	215.0	15.0
75 CL Trimmings		200.0		200.0	0.0	205.0	206.0	-6.0
65 CL Trimmings	130.0	135.0	135.0	137.0	-2.0		UNQ	N/A
<u>US East Coast Australian C</u>	uts, CIF							
Cap Off Steer Insides	340.0	345.0	335.0	340.0	5.0	310.0	315.0	30.0
Steer Insides 14/18		UNQ		UNQ	N/A		UNQ	N/A
Steer Flats	300.0	305.0		310.0	-5.0	275.0	280.0	25.0
Steer Knuckles	290.0	300.0	300.0	305.0	-5.0	300.0	305.0	-5.0

TABLE 3 – IMPORTED BEEF PRICES, 7:45 DAYS, US WAREHOUSE

	Current	Week	Prior W	/eek	Change From Last Week	Last Y	ear	Change From Last Year
	26-Ap	r-24	19-Ap	r-24		28-Ap	r-23	
US East Coast Australian/NZ Lean, FOB US Por								
95 CL Bull, E. Coast	300.0	304.0	305.0	307.0	-3.0	289.0	290.0	14.0
90 CL Blended Cow	290.0	291.0	293.0	294.0	-3.0	265.0	267.0	24.0
90 CL Shank		290.0		290.0	0.0	259.0	260.0	30.0
85 CL Fores	283.0	284.0	286.0	287.0	-3.0	256.0	257.0	27.0
85 CL Chucks		UNQ		UNQ	N/A		UNQ	N/A
95 CL Bull, W. Coast	300.0	301.0	305.0	306.0	-5.0	286.0	288.0	13.0
Uruguay CFH 90CL, E. Coast		UNQ		UNQ	N/A		UNQ	N/A
US East Coast, Trimmings, I	OB US Por	<u>t</u>						
85 CL Trimmings	281.0	282.0	284.0	285.0	-3.0	255.0	256.0	26.0
80 CL Trimmings	240.0	241.0	244.0	245.0	-4.0	227.0	228.0	13.0
75 CL Trimmings		205.0	205.0	207.0	-2.0	216.0	217.0	-12.0
65 CL Trimmings	140.0	145.0		145.0	0.0		UNQ	N/A
US East Coast Australian C	uts, FOB US	<u>S Port</u>						
Cap Off Steer Insides	360.0	365.0	350.0	360.0	5.0	330.0	335.0	30.0
Steer Insides 14/18		UNQ		UNQ	N/A		UNQ	N/A
Steer Flats		330.0	325.0	330.0	0.0	295.0	300.0	30.0
Steer Knuckles	310.0	315.0		320.0	-5.0	315.0	320.0	-5.0

TABLE 4 – US DOMESTIC BEEF AND CATTLE PRICES

	Curr We			Prior \	Veek		Change From Last Week	Last \	(ear		Change from Last Year
	26	ó-Apr-2	24	19	9-Apr-2	24		28	8-Apr-2	3	
Domestic Cutouts	Low	High	Wt.Avg	Low	High	Wt.Avg		Low	High	Wt.Avg	
Choice Cutout		297.14			295.67		1.5		311.44		-14.3
Select Cutout		288.72			290.83		-2.1		288.34		0.4
Domestic Lean Grinding Beef											
90 CL Boneless	341.9	355.5	346.4	324.0	359.0	345.3	1.1	269.5	287.0	275.3	71.1
85 CL Beef Trimmings	317.0	341.0	326.4	317.0	341.0	326.4	0.0	245.0	269.0	256.4	70.1
50 CL Beef Trim	73.0	90.0	83.8	78.0	109.0	88.1	-4.3	163.5	201.0	190.1	-106.4
Domestic Pork Trim											
42 CL Pork Trim	55.0	103.0	76.5	75.0	99.0	78.8	-2.3	43.7	73.0	48.4	28.1
72 CL Pork Trim	92.0	123.8	103.0	99.5	124.8	106.3	-3.3	58.0	109.9	68.4	34.6
Point of Lean Values											
90 CL Domestic		384.9			383.7		1.2		305.8		79.0
50 CL Beef Trimming		167.5			176.1		-8.6		380.2		-212.7
42 CL Pork Trim		182.1			187.6		-5.5		115.1		66.9
72 CL Pork Trim		143.1			147.7		-4.6		95.1		48.0
<u>National Direct Fed Steer</u> (5-day accum. wt. avg. price)		183.54			183.52		0.0		178.67		4.9

TABLE 5 – FUTURES AND SLAUGHTER INFORMATION

			Chan	ge From Last		nge From	
Futures Contracts	Current Week	Prior Week		Week	Last Year	Lc	ıst Year
	26-Apr-24	19-Apr-24			28-Apr-23		
Live Cattle Futures							
April '24	184.675	181.475	t	3.20	175.175	1	9.50
June '24	178.575	175.675	1	2.90	165.475	t	13.10
August '24	176.775	173.550	t	3.22	163.775	t	13.00
October '24	180.600	176.750	1	3.85	167.625	t	12.98
Feeder Cattle Futures							
April '24	245.530	241.325	1	4.21	203.200	t	42.33
May '24	248.700	242.000	t	6.70	210.975	t	37.73
August '24	260.550	253.500	t	7.05	230.725	t	29.83
September '24	261.575	254.425	t	7.15	233.800	t	27.78
<u>Corn Futures</u>							
May '24	440.000	433.500	1	6.50	636.000	Ţ	-196.00
July '24	450.000	443.000	t	7.00	585.000	Ļ	-135.00
September '24	459.000	451.250	t	7.75	528.750	Ţ	-69.75
December '24	473.500	466.250	t	7.25	527.750	Ţ	-54.25
Ch Wheat Futures							
May '24	603 1/4	550 1/4	1	53.00	619 3/4	Ţ	-16.50
July '24	622 1/4	566 3/4	t	55.50	633 3/4	Ţ	-11.50
September '24	641 3/4	584	t	57.75	645	Ţ	-3.25
December '24	665 3/4	608 3/4	1	57.00	662 1/2	t	3.25

			Change From				
Slaughter Information	7 Days Ending	7 Days Ending		Week	7 Days Ending	Lo	ast Year
	27-Apr-24	20-Apr-24			29-Apr-23		
Total Cattle Slaughter	613,000	620,000	Ļ	-7,000	627,000	Ţ	-14,000
	13-Apr-24	6-Apr-24			15-Apr-23		
Total Cow Slaughter	108,838	110,269	L I	-1,431	123,400	Ļ	-14,562
Dairy Cow Slaughter	55,058	57,380	L I	-2,322	60,300	Ļ	-5,242
Beef Cow Slaughter	53,780	52,889	1	891	63,100	Ļ	-9,320

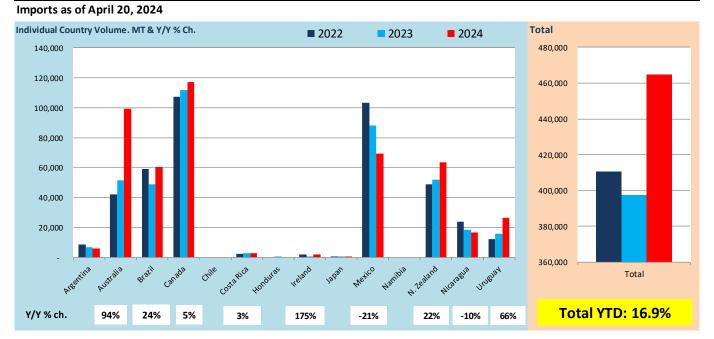
TABLE 7 - US BEEF IMPORTS (Source: USDA/AMS)

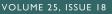
YTD Imported Fresh/Frz Beef Passed for Entry in the US

week 16	4/22/2023	4/20/2024		
Argentina	6,960	6,228	(732)	-10.5%
Australia	51,342	99,441	48,099	93.7%
Brazil	48,663	60,436	11,773	24.2%
Canada	111,729	117,121	5,392	4.8%
Chile	-	-	-	
Costa Rica	2,711	2,793	82	3.0%
France	-	-	-	
Honduras	19	-	(19)	-100.0%
Ireland	687	1,889	1,202	175.0%
Japan	640	583	(57)	-8.9%
Mexico	88,133	69,369	(18,764)	-21.3%
Namibia	-	-	-	
Netherlands	-	-	-	
New Zealand	52,046	63,699	11,653	22.4%
Nicaragua	18,618	16,748	(1,870)	-10.0%
Spain	-	-	-	
Uruguay	15,899	26,379	10,480	65.9%
Total	397,468	464,683	67,215	16.9%

Source: AMS - USDA

US Fresh/Frozen Beef Imports. Metric Ton. Data Source: USDA/Agricultural Marketing Service





US IMPORTED BEEF MARKET

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